

limited space and it can be done by using colour and accessories. Use of colour and placing accessories like flower arrangement, hanging picture etc. at right place can enhance the beauty of the room.

## a) Colour

Colour has the power to enhance the beauty of an area and it has emotional effect. But it has to be used effectively. So one should know about different colours, their dimension etc.

Colour has three dimension-Hue, value, Intensity.

Hue- It indicates the name of the colour like red, blue, yellow.

Value- It indicates the quality of colour such as lightness and darkness of the colour.

Intensity- It signifies the dullness and brightness of colour.

## Classification of colour:

Colour are classified into three- groups Primary, Secondary and tertiary colour.

**Primary colour:** Red, yellow, Blue are primary colours. Other colour are derived from these three colours.

**Secondary colour:** These colours are obtained by mixing two primary colours in equal proportion.

### Primary + Primary Secondary colour colour colour

Red + Yellow Orange.

Yellow + Blue Green.

Red + Blue Purple.

So, orange, green, purple are secondary colour.

**Tertiary colour:** These colours are obtained by mixing one primary colour with one secondary colour.

### Primary + Secondary Tertiary colour colour colour

Red + Orange Red orange.

Yellow + Orange Yellow orange.

Blue + Green Blue green.

Yellow + Green Yellow green.

Red + Purple Red purple.

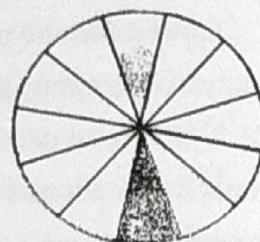
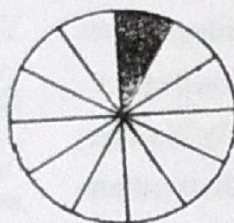
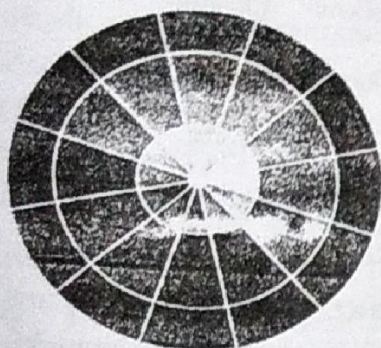
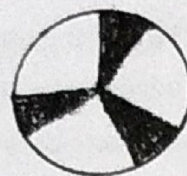
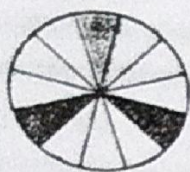
Blue + Purple Blue purple.

Thus, Red orange, yellow orange, blue green, yellow green, red purple, blue purple are tertiary colour.

## Colour scheme

It is a scheme where colour from colour wheel are selected to use. It can be done





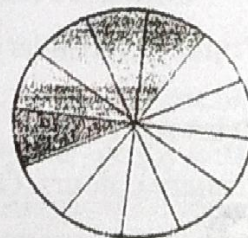
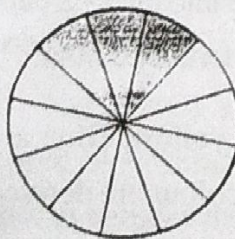
by combining two three colour or different shades of one colour. There are several colour schemes which is categorized as related colour schemes and contrast colour scheme. They are—

scheme. This scheme may have 3 to 5 colours.

c) **Complementary or contrast colour scheme:** In this colour scheme, colours which are opposite to each other on the colour wheel are used. This scheme is lively and vibrant in which one warm and one cool colour are used together. If the amount of cool colour is more than the amount of warm colour, then it will give vibrant effect.

a) **Monochromatic colour scheme:** It is a single-colour scheme. It consist of using several values and intensities of the same hue or colour. For example, light, medium and dark-blue combination could be one illustration of the scheme.

b) **Analogous colour scheme:** It is a combination of neighbouring colours on the colour wheel. For example, blue and blue-purple, purple form an analogous colour





For example, one can use deep red colour for carpet, with different values of green for other furnishing material in a room.

Besides these three colour scheme, there are split complementary colour scheme, Triad colour scheme etc. Which can be use for decorating a house.

### **Selection of colour scheme for different rooms.**

A dark room can be turned into a well lighted room and a dull object can be made into a bright one with the help of proper colour scheme. Thus, selection of colour is an important aspect and one must consider certain points while selecting colour scheme for a room such as size and shape of the room, style of room , use of the room, personal taste and current fashion etc.

Colour can change the size and shape of a room. A small room can be made to appear large and bright by using light, cool colours on the wall. A long, narrow room can look proportionate by painting the longer walls in a darker colour.

Colour sets mood of a room. Use of bright colours in a room expresses warmth, friendliness, fun etc, while the use of light,

white colour express cleanliness and peacefulness.

Activity of the room is another important consideration while selecting colour for a room. For example, warm colours are for drawing, sitting room whereas cool colours like green, blue are for bed room etc.

### **Colour wheel**

Colour wheel is a wheel where all the three colours that is primary, secondary and tertiary colours are spaced together.

### **Warm colour**

Red, orange, Red purple, yellow orange are termed as warm colour as they create a feeling of warmth and advancing in space.

### **Cool colour**

Blues and greens, blue-green colours creat cool effect hence they are known as cool colours.

### **Accessories**

Accessories like flower arrangement, picture and other articles are used in interiors to enhance the beauty of the room. Some of the accessories are discussed below.