

* Successive Over Relaxation (SOR) Method :

This method is a generalization of the Gauss-Seidel method.

General formula:

$$x_i^{k+1} = (1-w)x_i^k + \frac{w}{a_{ii}} \left[b_i - \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij} x_j^{k+1} - \sum_{j=i+1}^n a_{ij} x_j^k \right]$$

Note that when $w=1$, the SOR method reduces to the Gauss-Seidel method. If $w > 1$, then the method is called an over relaxation method and if $w < 1$, then it is called an under relaxation method.

Here $0 < w < 2$. w is called relaxation parameter.

Ex) Solve the following eqⁿ by SOR method upto three decimal places with $w = 1.25$.

$$27x + 6y - z = 85$$

$$6x + 15y - 2z = 72$$

$$x + y + 54z = 110$$

Solⁿ: We set up the iteration as

$$x^{k+1} = (1-w)x^k + \frac{w}{27} (85 - 6y^k + z^k)$$

$$y^{k+1} = (1-w)y^k + \frac{w}{15} (72 - 6x^{k+1} + 2z^k)$$

$$z^{k+1} = (1-w)z^k + \frac{w}{54} (110 - x^{k+1} - y^{k+1})$$

For $w = 1.25$,

$$x^{k+1} = -0.25x^k + 0.046(85 - 6y^k + z^k)$$

$$y^{k+1} = -0.25y^k + 0.083(72 - 6x^{k+1} + 2z^k)$$

$$z^{k+1} = -0.25z^k + 0.023(110 - x^{k+1} - y^{k+1})$$

Taking initial values $x=y=z=0$.

For $k=0$, (First Iteration)

$$\begin{aligned}x^{(1)} &= -0.25x^{(0)} + 0.046(85 - 6y^{(0)} + z^{(0)}) \\ &= 0 + 0.046(85 - 0 + 0) \\ &= 3.910\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}y^{(1)} &= -0.25y^{(0)} + 0.083(72 - 6x^{(1)} + 2z^{(0)}) \\ &= 0 + 0.083(72 - 6 \times 3.910 + 2 \times 0) \\ &= 4.029\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}z^{(1)} &= -0.25z^{(0)} + 0.023(110 - x^{(1)} - y^{(1)}) \\ &= 0 + 0.023(110 - 3.910 - 4.029) \\ &= 2.347\end{aligned}$$

For $k=1$, (2nd Iteration)

$$\begin{aligned}x^{(2)} &= (1-w)x^{(1)} + \frac{w}{27}(85 - 6y^{(1)} + z^{(1)}) \\ &= (1-1.25) \times 3.910 + \frac{1.25}{27}(85 - 6 \times 4.029 + 2.347) \\ &= -0.978 + 0.046 \times (63.173) \\ &= 1.928\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}y^{(2)} &= (1-w)y^{(1)} + \frac{w}{15}(72 - 6x^{(2)} + 2z^{(1)}) \\ &= (1-1.25) \times 4.029 + \frac{1.25}{15}(72 - 6 \times 1.928 + 2.347) \\ &= -1.007 + 0.083 \times (62.779) \\ &= 4.204\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}z^{(2)} &= (1-w) z^{(1)} + \frac{w}{54} (110 - x^{(2)} - y^{(2)}) \\&= (1-1.25) \times 2.347 + \frac{1.25}{54} (110 - 1.928 - 4.204) \\&= -0.587 + 0.023 \times (103.868) \\&= 1.802\end{aligned}$$

